--Claim 128. A method of preventing a respiratory syncytial virus (RSV) infection or a symptom thereof, said method comprising administering to a mammal in need thereof a dose of an effective amount of an antibody comprising a variable light (VL) domain having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 11, wherein the antibody immunospecifically binds to a RSV F antigen and the effective amount of the antibody results in an effective neutralizing titer of an antibody.

Claim 129. A method of preventing a RSV infection or a symptom thereof, said method comprising administering to a mammal in need thereof a dose of an effective amount of an antibody comprising a variable heavy (VH) domain having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 48, wherein the antibody immunospecifically binds to a RSV F antigen and the effective amount of the antibody results in an effective neutralizing titer of an antibody.

Claim 130. The antibody of claim 128 further comprising a VH domain having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 48.

Claim 131. A method of preventing a RSV infection or a symptom thereof, said method comprising administering to a mammal in need thereof a dose of an effective amount of an antibody comprising a VH complementarity determining region (CDR) 1 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 10, wherein the antibody immunospecifically binds to a RSV F antigen and the effective amount of the antibody results in an effective neutralizing titer of an antibody.

Claim 132. A method of preventing a RSV infection or a symptom thereof, said method comprising administering to a mammal in need thereof a dose of an effective amount of an antibody comprising a VH CDR2 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 19, wherein the antibody immunospecifically binds to a RSV F antigen and the effective amount of the antibody results in an effective neutralizing titer of an antibody.

Claim 133. A method of preventing a RSV infection or a symptom thereof, said method comprising administering to a mammal in need thereof a dose of an effective amount of an antibody comprising a VH CDR3 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 20, wherein the antibody immunospecifically binds to a RSV F antigen and the effective amount of the antibody results in an effective neutralizing titer of an antibody.

Claim 134. A method of preventing a RSV infection or a symptom thereof, said method comprising administering to a mammal in need thereof a dose of an effective amount of an antibody comprising a VL CDR1 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 39, wherein the antibody immunospecifically binds to a RSV F antigen and the effective amount of the antibody results in an effective neutralizing titer of an antibody.--

137. (New) The method of claim 131, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL CDR1 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:39.

138. (New) The method of claim 131, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL CDR2 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:5.

(New) The method of claim 131, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL CDR3 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:6.

(New) The method of claim 132, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL CDR 1 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:39.

141. (New) The method of claim 132, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL CDR2 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:5.

142. (New) The method of claim 132, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL CDR3 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:6.

143. (New) The method of claim 133, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL CDR1 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:39.

144. (New) The method of claim 133, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL CDR2 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:5.

145. (New) The method of claim 133, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL CDR3, having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:6.

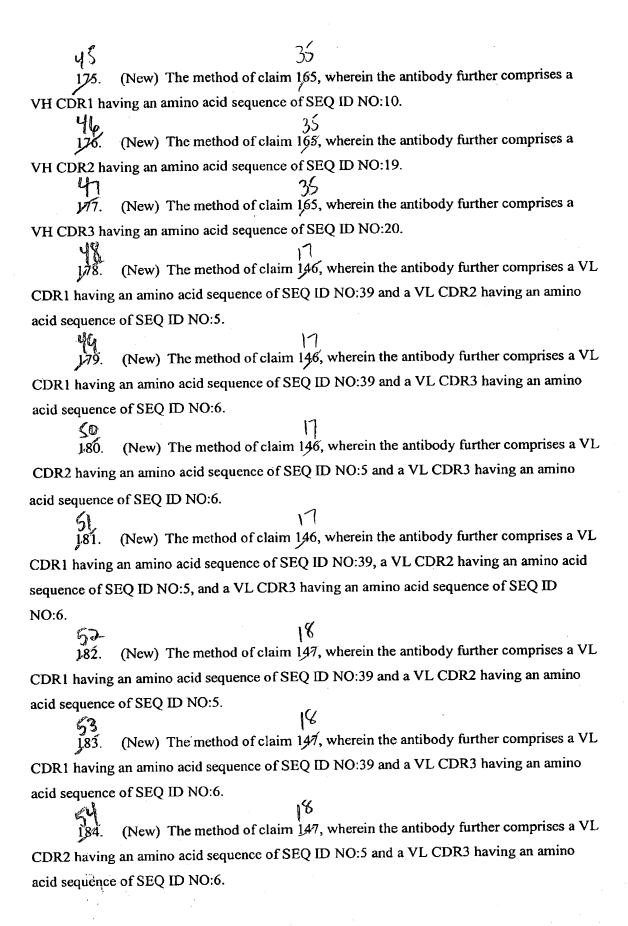
17 (New) The method of claim 131, wherein the antibody further comprises a VH CDR2 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:19. (New) The method of claim 131, wherein the antibody further comprises a VH CDR3 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:20. (New) The method of claim 13/2, wherein the antibody further comprises a VH CDR3 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:20. (New) The method of claim 146, wherein the antibody further comprises a VH CDR3 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:20. (New) The method of claim 146, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL CDR1 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:39. (New) The method of claim 146, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL CDR2 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:5. (New) The method of claim 146, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL CDR3 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:6. (New) The method of claim 147, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL CDR1 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:39. (New) The method of claim 147, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL CDR2 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:5. (New) The method of claim 147, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL CDR3 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:6. (New) The method of claim 148, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL CDR1 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:39. (New) The method of claim 148, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL CDR2 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:5. (New) The method of claim 148, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL CDR3 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:6. (New) The method of claim 149, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL CDR1 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:39.

- 160. (New) The method of claim 149, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL CDR2 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:5.
- 161. (New) The method of claim 149, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL CDR3 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:6.
- 162. (New) The method of claim 134, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL CDR2 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:5.
- --Claim 163. The method of claim 134, wherein the antibody further comprising a VL CDR3 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 6.--
  - 165. (New) The method of claim 162, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL CDR3 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:6.
  - 166. (New) The method of claim 162, wherein the antibody further comprises a VH CDR1 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:10.
  - 167. (New) The method of claim 162, wherein the antibody further comprises a VH CDR2 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:19.
  - 168. (New) The method of claim 162, wherein the antibody further comprises a VH CDR3 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:20.
  - 1.69. (New) The method of claim 1.63, wherein the antibody further comprises a VH CDR1 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:10.
  - 170. (New) The method of claim 1,63, wherein the antibody further comprises a VH CDR2 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:19.
  - 171. (New) The method of claim 163, wherein the antibody further comprises a VH CDR3 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:20.

--Claim 172. A method of preventing a respiratory syncytial virus (RSV) infection or a symptom thereof, said method comprising administering to a mammal in need thereof a dose of an effective amount of an antibody comprising a VL CDR2 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 5, a VLCDR3 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 6, and a VH CDR1 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 10, wherein the antibody immunospecifically binds to a RSV F antigen and the effective amount of the antibody results in an effective neutralizing titer of an antibody.

Claim 173. A method of preventing a respiratory syncytial virus (RSV) infection or a symptom thereof, said method comprising administering to a mammal in need thereof a dose of an effective amount of an antibody comprising a VL CDR2 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 5, a VLCDR3 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 6, and a VH CDR2 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 19, wherein the antibody immunospecifically binds to a RSV F antigen and the effective amount of the antibody results in an effective neutralizing titer of an antibody.

Claim 174. A method of preventing a respiratory syncytial virus (RSV) infection or a symptom thereof, said method comprising administering to a mammal in need thereof a dose of an effective amount of an antibody comprising a VL CDR2 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 5, a VLCDR3 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 6, and a VH CDR3 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO: 20, wherein the antibody immunospecifically binds to a RSV F antigen and the effective amount of the antibody results in an effective neutralizing titer of an antibody.--





185. (New) The method of claim 147, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL CDR1 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:39, a VL CDR2 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:5, and a VL CDR3 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:6.

186. (New) The method of claim 148, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL CDR1 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:39 and a VL CDR2 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:5.

187. (New) The method of claim 148, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL CDR1 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:39 and a VL CDR3 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:6.

188. (New) The method of claim 148, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL CDR2 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:5 and a VL CDR3 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:6.

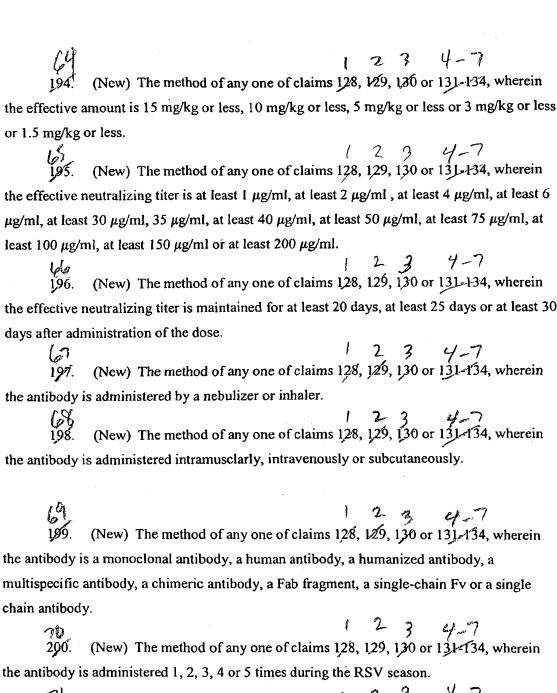
(New) The method of claim 148, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL CDR1 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:39, a VL CDR2 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:5, and a VL CDR3 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:6.

190. (New) The method of claim 149, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL CDR1 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:39 and a VL CDR2 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:5.

191. (New) The method of claim 149, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL CDR1 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:39 and a VL CDR3 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:6.

(New) The method of claim 149, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL CDR2 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:5 and a VL CDR3 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:6.

193. (New) The method of claim 149, wherein the antibody further comprises a VL CDR1 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:39, a VL CDR2 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:5, and a VL CDR3 having an amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:6.



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201. (New) The method of any one of claims 128, 129, 130 or 131-134, wherein the mammal is a human subject.

202. (New) The method of claim 202, wherein the human subject is a human infant, a human infant born prematurely or at risk of hospitalization for a RSV infection, a human subject which has had a bone marrow transplant, an elderly human subject, or a human subject which has cystic fibrosis, bronchopulmonary dysplasia, congenital heart disease, congenital immunodeficiency or acquired immunodeficiency.

2 3 4-7 203. (New) The method of any one of claims 128, 129, 130 or 131-134 further comprising administering to the mammal hormonal therapy, immunotherapy or an anti-inflammatory agent.